

Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 28-Apr-2009

Revision Date 12-Mar-2014

Revision Number 1

1. Identification

Product Name

Acetone

Cat No.:

A9-4; A9-20; A9-200; A11-1; A11-4; A11-20; A11-200; A11S-4; A13-20; A13-200; A16F-1GAL; A16P-1GAL; A16P-4; A16S-4; A16S-20; A18-1; A18-4; A18-20; A18-20LC; A18-200; A18-200LC; A18-500; A18CU1300; A18FB-19; A18FB-50; A18FB-115; A18FB-200; A18P-4; A18POP-19; A18POPB-50; A18RB-19; A18RB-50; A18RB-115; A18RB-200; A18RS-28; A18RS-50; A18RS-115; A18RS-200; A18S-4; A18SK-4; A18SS-19; A18SS-28; A18SS-50; A18SS-115; A18SS-200; A19-1; A19-4; A19RS-115; A19RS-200; A40-4; A928-4; A929-1; A929-4; A929-4LC; A929RS-19; A929RS-50; A929RS-200; A929SK-4; A929SS-28; A929SS-50; A929SS-115; A929SS-200; A946-4; A946-4LC; A946FB-200; A946RB-19; A946RB-50; A946RB-115; A946RB-200; A949-1; A949-4; A949-4LC; A949CU-50; A949N-119; A949N-219; A949POP-19; A949RS-28; A949RS-50; A949RS-115; A949SK-1; A949SK-4; A949SS-19; A949SS-28; A949SS-50; A949SS-115; A949SS-200; BP2403-1; BP2403-4; BP2403-20; BP2404-1; BP2404-4; BP2404-SK1; BP2404-SK4; HC300-1GAL; S70091; 22050131; 22050295

Synonyms

2-Propanone; Dimethyl ketone; (Certified ACS, HPLC, OPTIMA, Histological, Spectranalyzed, NF/FCC/EP, Pesticide, Electronic, GC Resolv, SAFE-COTE)

Recommended Use

Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against

No Information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Category 2

Acetone

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS). Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Target Organs - Kidney, Liver, spleen, Blood.

Category 2 Category 3

Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep cool

Response

Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

3. Composition / information on ingredients

| | CAS-No | Weight % |
|-----------|---------|----------|
| Component | | >95 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 790 |

4. First-aid measures

Eve Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects

Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations

may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically

Notes to Physician

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water spray. Cool closed containers

exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Water may be ineffective

Flash Point Method -

-20 °C / -4 °F Closed cup

465 °C / 869 °F

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits Upper

12.8 vol % 2.5 vol % Not oxidising

Lower Oxidizing Properties

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Formaldehyde Methanol

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health

Flammability 3

Instability

Physical hazards N/A

0

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage

Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

| | | COLLA DEL | NIOSH IDLH |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | IDLH: 2500 ppm |
| Acetone | TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm | (Vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m³ | TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m ³ |

| | 0 1 | Mexico OEL (TWA) | Ontario TWAEV |
|-----------|---|--|---------------|
| Component | Quebec | | TWA: 500 ppm |
| Acetone | TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1190 mg/m³ STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 2380 mg/m³ | TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m³ STEL: 1260 ppm STEL: 3000 mg/m³ | STEL: 750 ppm |

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eve/face Protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State

Liquid

Appearance Odor

Odor Threshold

рΗ

Melting Point/Range Boiling Point/Range

Flash Point Method -

Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas)

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper Lower Vapor Pressure Vapor Density

Specific Gravity Solubility

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Refractive index

Colorless sweet

19.8 ppm

-95 °C / -139 °F 56 °C / 132.8 °F -20 °C / -4 °F

Closed cup

5.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Not applicable

12.8 vol % 2.5 vol %

247 mbar @ 20 °C

2.0 0.790

> Soluble in water No data available 465 °C / 869 °F

> 4°C

0.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C

C3 H6 O 58.08

1.358 - 1.359

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard

None known, based on information available

Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents, Strong bases, Peroxides, Halogenated

compounds, Alkali metals, Amines

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Formaldehyde, Methanol

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

| Component information | 1 D 50 O1 | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Component | LD50 Oral | > 15800 mg/kg (rabbit) | 76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat) |
| Acetone | 5800 mg/kg (Rat) | > 7400 mg/kg (rat) | |
| | | | l'alabana ma othono: |

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

Carbon tetrachloride; Chloroform; Trichloroethylene; Bromodichloromethane; Dibromochloromethane; N-nitrosodimethylamine; 1,1,2-Trichloroethane; Styrene;

Acetonitrile, 2,5-Hexanedione; Ethanol; 1,2-Dichlorobenzene

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation

Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization

No information available

Acetone

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

| | | | | | | OSHA | Mexico |
|-----|-----------|---------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Г | 0 | CAS-No | IARC | NTP | ACGIH | | |
| ١ | Component | | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed |
| - 1 | Acetone | 67-64-1 | Not listed | 140t libted | | | |

Mutagenic Effects

No information available

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Teratogenicity

No information available.

STOT - single exposure

Central nervous system (CNS) Kidney Liver spleen Blood

STOT - repeated exposure

No information available

Aspiration hazard

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause

symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information

No information available

Other Adverse Effects

Neurotoxic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| | | E b etc. Fich | Microtox | Water Flea |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| Component | Freshwater Algae | Freshwater Fish | | EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h |
| Acetone | NOEC = 430 mg/l (algae; 96 h) | Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 5540 mg/l 96h Alburnus alburnus: LC50 = 11000 mg/l 96h Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 11300 mg/L/48h Salmo gairdneri: LC50 = 6100 mg/L/24h | | EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h |

Persistence and Degradability Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

No information available.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

| | log Pow |
|-----------|---------|
| Component | 0.24 |
| Acetone | -0.24 |

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

| | | Tona Domina Manton |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Component | RCRA - U Series Wastes | RCRA - P Series Wastes |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | U002 | |
| Acetone - 67-64-1 | 0002 | |

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No Proper Shipping Name UN1090 **ACETONE**

Hazard Class Packing Group 11

TDG

UN1090 UN-No **ACETONE Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class 11 **Packing Group**

IATA

UN1090 **UN-No ACETONE Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class 11 **Packing Group**

MDG/IMO

UN-No **Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class Packing Group UN1090 ACETONE

3 11

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

| | | | | | | | | ENICC | AICS | IECSC | KECL |
|-----------|------|-----|-------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| 2 | TSCA | DSL | NDSL | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | PICCS | ENCS | AICS | ILCOO | TKE-01 |
| Component | ISCA | DOL | INDOL | 200 662 2 | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| Acetone | X | X | - | 200-662-2 | - | | | | | | |

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Not applicable

SARA 313

Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Yes Acute Health Hazard Yes Chronic Health Hazard Yes Fire Hazard No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No Reactive Hazard

Clean Water Act

Not applicable

Clean Air Act

Not applicable

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

| | | 27701 A FUO DOS |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | Hazardous Substances RQs | CERCLA EHS RQs |
| Component | Hazardous Substances ites | |
| Colliboliett | | |

Acetone

| Acetone | 5000 lb | |
|---------------------------|---|------|
| California Proposition 65 | This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemic | cals |

California Proposition 65

State Right-to-Know

| Component | Managahuaatta | New Jersey | Pennsylvania | Illinois | Rhode Island |
|-----------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Acetone | X | X | X | - | X |

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): DOT Marine Pollutant N N **DOT Severe Marine Pollutant**

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product contains the following DHS chemicals:

| Component | DHS Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standard |
|-----------|---|
| Acetone | 2000 lb STQ |

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

Serious risk, Grade 3

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 Flammable liquid D2B Toxic materials



16. Other information

Prepared By

Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date Revision Date Print Date

28-Apr-2009 12-Mar-2014 12-Mar-2014

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS)

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of SDS