SAFETY DATA SHEET

Vero K-Pak Color Intensity all shades



Section 1. Identification

Product Name : Vero K-Pak Color Intensity all shades

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Recommended use : Hair Care Product

Restrictions on use : Use only as directed on the product label.

Manufacturer : Zotos International, INC

100 Tokeneke Road, Darien, CT 06820 www.zotos.com

Validation date : 2/24/2015.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : (800) 584-8038 [24 Hours]

Telephone number : (203) 656-7859 [8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.]

Transportation Emergency : Contact: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 [US/Canada 24 Hours]

Product type : Liquid.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 84.7%

GHS label elements

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot

surfaces. - No smoking.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Name	%	CAS number
hexadecan-1-ol	3.00	36653-82-4
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	2.00	9005-00-9
Benzyl alcohol	2.00	100-51-6
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	1.00	9005-00-9
Isopropyl alcohol	1.00	67-63-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention

immediately.

Inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Ensure sufficient ventilation during and after use, in order to prevent vapour

accumulation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin contact: Wash the contaminated skin gently and thoroughly with running water and non-abrasive

soap. If on clothes, remove clothes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects

persist or are severe.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Maintain an open airway.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: Use suitable protective equipment (section 8).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides

halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Benzyl alcohol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	-

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Eye/face protection : None.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves.

Body protection: Not available.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Ammoniacal.

Flash point : Closed cup: 90°C (194°F)

Relative density : 0.985 to 1.05

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

United States

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hexadecan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hexadecan-1-ol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	82 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 75	-
				milligrams	
				Intermittent	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.2 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 50	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				2600	
				milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
		3.4		milligrams	
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Skin - Moderate irritant	Man	-	48 hours 20	-
	01: 14:11:11	3.4		Percent	
Benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16	-
	Chin Madarata irritant	Dia		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
Octodoson 1 of otherwisted	Skin - Moderate irritant	Man		milligrams 48 hours 20	_
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Skiii - Moderate iiritarit	IVIAII	-	Percent	_
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 100	
Isopropyi alconor	Lyes - Moderate initalit	Ιζαυσίι	-	milligrams	_
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		10 milligrams	
	Eyes - Noderate irritant	Rabbit		100 miligrams	
	Lycs - Severe initant	Rabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500	_
	Otto Willia II Italia	T GDDIC		milligrams	
				9.40	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	6287.7 mg/kg 11.44 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

United States

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzyl alcohol Isopropyl alcohol	. 0	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l	Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: α-hexylcinnamaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
hexadecan-1-ol	3.00	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	2.00	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Benzyl alcohol	2.00	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	1.00	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Isopropyl alcohol	1.00	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.00
Supplier notification	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.00

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: BENZYL ALCOHOL; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL;

ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: PROPYLENE GLYCOL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL;

MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED and MILDLY TREATED); ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL;

2-PROPANOL; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL

Section 15. Regulatory information

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: 1,2-PROPANEDIOL; BENZENEMETHANOL; 2-PROPANOL: 2-PROPANOL

California Prop. 65

Not available.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. This product is not known to the State of California to cause cancer.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: White mineral oil; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropyl

alcohol

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification :



Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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<u>History</u>

Date of printing : 2/24/2015.

Date of issue/Date of : 2/24/2015.

revision

Date of previous issue : 2/24/2015.

Version : 0.03

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Votice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.